Typhoid (typhoid fever) is a serious disease. It is caused by bacteria called *Salmonella* Typhi.

Typhoid causes a high fever, weakness, stomach pains, headache, loss of appetite, and sometimes a rash. If it is not treated, it can kill up to 30% of people who get it.

Some people who get typhoid become “carriers,” who can spread the disease to others.

Generally, people get typhoid from contaminated food or water. Typhoid is not common in the U.S., and most U.S. citizens who get the disease get it while traveling. Typhoid strikes about 21 million people a year around the world and kills about 200,000.

**Typhoid vaccine can prevent typhoid.**

There are two vaccines to prevent typhoid. One is an inactivated (killed) vaccine gotten as a shot, and the other is live, attenuated (weakened) vaccine which is taken orally (by mouth).

**Who should get typhoid vaccine and when?**

Routine typhoid vaccination is not recommended in the United States, but typhoid vaccine is recommended for:

- Travelers to parts of the world where typhoid is common. (NOTE: typhoid vaccine is not 100% effective and is not a substitute for being careful about what you eat or drink.)
- People in close contact with a typhoid carrier.
- Laboratory workers who work with *Salmonella* Typhi bacteria.

**Inactivated Typhoid Vaccine (Shot)**

- Should not be given to children younger than 2 years of age.
- One dose provides protection. It should be given at least 2 weeks before travel to allow the vaccine time to work.
- A booster dose is needed every 2 years for people who remain at risk.

**Live Typhoid Vaccine (Oral)**

- Should not be given to children younger than 6 years of age.
- Four doses, given 2 days apart, are needed for protection. The last dose should be given at least 1 week before travel to allow the vaccine time to work.
- A booster dose is needed every 5 years for people who remain at risk.

Either vaccine may be given at the same time as other vaccines.

**Some people should not get typhoid vaccine or should wait**

- Anyone who has had a severe reaction to a previous dose of this vaccine should not get another dose.

*Over . . .*
What if there is a moderate or severe reaction?

What should I look for?
- Any unusual condition, such as a high fever or behavior changes. Signs of a serious allergic reaction can include difficulty breathing, hoarseness or wheezing, hives, paleness, weakness, a fast heart beat or dizziness.

What should I do?
- Call a doctor, or get the person to a doctor right away.
- Tell your doctor what happened, the date and time it happened, and when the vaccination was given.
- Ask your doctor, nurse, or health department to report the reaction by filing a Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS) form.

Or you can file this report through the VAERS web site at www.vaers.org, or by calling 1-800-822-7967.

VAERS does not provide medical advice.

How can I learn more?
- Ask your doctor or nurse. They can give you the vaccine package insert or suggest other sources of information.
- Call your local or state health department.
- Contact the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC):
  - Visit CDC’s typhoid website at www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dbmd/diseaseinfo/typhoidfever_g.htm
Typhoid Vaccination Consent Form

I have read and understood the above information about Typhoid vaccination. I have had a chance to ask questions. I understand the benefits and risks of Typhoid vaccination and request that vaccine be given to me or the person named below whom I am authorized to sign for.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Information of Person to Receive Vaccine</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name (Please print)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Address: Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone Number</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

X

Signature (Person receiving Vaccine or Parent or Guardian) | Date

For Clinic Use

☐ Olympia Plaza Pharmacy
5901 W. Olympic Blvd., #103
Los Angeles, CA 90036
Phone: (323) 937-2590

Date of Vaccination:

Manufacture/ lot number:

Site of Injection:

Chronic Diseases: ☐ Yes ☐ No
Screening Questionnaire

The following questions will help us determine which vaccines may be given today. If a question is not clear, please ask your health care provider to explain it.

1. Are you sick today? □ □ □

2. Do you have allergies to medications, food, or any vaccine? □ □ □

3. Have you ever had a serious reaction after receiving a vaccination? □ □ □

4. Do you have cancer, leukemia, AIDS, or any other immune system problem? □ □ □

5. Do you take cortisone, prednisone, other steroids, or anticancer drugs, or have you had x-ray treatments? □ □ □

6. During the past year, have you received a transfusion of blood or blood products, or been given a medicine called immune (gamma) globulin? □ □ □

7. For women: Are you pregnant or is there a chance you could become pregnant in the next three months? □ □ □

8. Have you received any vaccinations in the past 4 weeks? □ □ □

X
Signature (Person receiving Vaccine or Parent or Guardian)       Date

Did you bring your immunization record card with you?        Yes □ No □

It is important for you to have a personal record of your vaccinations. If you don’t have a record card, ask your health care provider to give you one. Bring this record with you every time you seek medical care. Make sure your health care provider records all your vaccinations on it.

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